

I'm not robot!



Determine what type of sequence it is (arithmetic, geometric, linear, quadratic, cubic, or quartic). Give the  $n$ th term and value for the specified term.

1	2	3	4	5	6	n	10
40	63	90	121	156	195		

$(2n+3)(n+7)$   
 $(2(10)+3)(10+7)$   
 $23(17)$   
 $= 391$

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1	2	3	4	5	6	n	20
1	2	3	4	5	6		
1	2	3	4	5	6	n	20
1	2	3	4	5	6		

$T_n = 7 \cdot (n-1)^{n-1}$   
 $T_n = 4(-3)^{n-1}$   
 $T_9 = 4(-3)^{8-1}$   
 $= 26244$

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1	2	3	4	5	6	n	20
1	2	3	4	5	6		
1	2	3	4	5	6	n	20
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$T_n = 7 \cdot (n-1)^{n-1}$   
 $T_n = 4(-3)^{n-1}$   
 $T_9 = 4(-3)^{8-1}$   
 $= 26244$

Determine if the sequence is linear, quadratic, cubic, or quartic.

1	2	3	4	5	6	n	20
1	2	3	4	5	6		
1	2	3	4	5	6	n	20
1	2	3	4	5	6		

$T_n = 7 \cdot (n-1)^{n-1}$   
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 $= 26244$

Find the arithmetic mean of 12 and 48.

$$\frac{12+48}{2} = \frac{60}{2} = 30$$

Find the geometric mean of 3 and 27.

$$\sqrt{3 \cdot 27} = \sqrt{81} = 9$$

Expand  $(2a + b)^5$

$$32a^5 + 80a^4b + 80a^3b^2 + 40a^2b^3 + 10ab^4 + b^5$$

5. Here are the first three figures of a pattern.

Figure 1: 4 segments  
 Figure 2: 12 segments  
 Figure 3: 24 segments

a. List the number of line segments in Figures 1-7.  
 Sequence: 4, 12, 24, 40, 60, 84, 112

b. Write a recursive formula that generates the sequence you found in part a.  
 $U_n = U_{n-1} + 8n - 4$  or  $U_n = 2(n-1) + 4$

c. Write an explicit formula that generates the sequence you found in part a.  
 $U_n = 2n(n+1)$  or  $U_n = 2n^2 + 2n$

d. How many line segments are in Figure 20?  
 $U_{20} = 2(20)(20+1) = 842$

e. Which figure has 145 line segments?  
 $145 = 2n(n+1)$   
 $145 = 2n^2 + 2n$   
 $2n^2 + 2n - 145 = 0$   
 $n = 6.25$  (not a whole number, so no figure has 145 segments)

6. Consider the sequence 0.05, 0.15, 0.45, 1.35, 4.05, ...

a. Write a recursive formula for the sequence. Use  $u_1$  to represent the starting term.  
 $u_n = 3u_{n-1}$  or  $u_n = 0.05 \cdot 3^n$

b. Write an explicit formula for the sequence.  
 $u_n = 0.05 \cdot 3^{n-1}$  or  $u_n = 0.15 \cdot 3^{n-2}$

c. What is the 7th term of the sequence?  
 $u_7 = 0.05 \cdot 3^6 = 1.215$

d. Which term of the sequence is the first to be greater than 20,000?  
 $20,000 < 0.05 \cdot 3^n$   
 $400,000 < 3^n$   
 $n > \log_3(400,000) \approx 12.8$   
 The 13th term is the first to be greater than 20,000.

7. Write an equation to define the sequence  $U_n$  graphed below.

$U_n = 3n - 2$

Name : \_\_\_\_\_ Score : \_\_\_\_\_  
 Teacher : \_\_\_\_\_ Date : \_\_\_\_\_

**Arithmetic Sequences**

Determine whether each sequence is arithmetic. If so, find the common difference.

- 1) 15.2, 8.5, 1.8, -4.9 ...
- 2) 8.4, 16.1, 23.8, 31.5 ...
- 3) 5.1, -0.8, -6.7, -12.6 ...
- 4) 14.3, 20.3, 26.3, 32.3 ...

Find the first four terms and stated term given the arithmetic sequence, with  $a_1$  as the 1<sup>st</sup> term.

- 5)  $a_n = 25.5 - 6.8n$ ,  $a_{10}$
- 6)  $a_n = 25 - 10n$ ,  $a_5$
- 7)  $a_n = 11 + 9n$ ,  $a_6$
- 8)  $a_n = 65 - 35n$ ,  $a_8$

Given the first term and common difference, find the first four terms and the formula.

- 9)  $a_1 = 25$ ,  $d = 100$
- 10)  $a_1 = 5$ ,  $d = 5$
- 11)  $a_1 = 24$ ,  $d = -15$
- 12)  $a_1 = 9$ ,  $d = -50$

